Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of the claims in the application:

Listing of Claims

1. (withdrawn) A method of analysing chemical data including a step of cluster analysis, the cluster analysis using a distance metric of the form:

$$D_{xy} = \frac{\sum_{i} \left(\left(\frac{x_{i} - c_{i}}{s_{i}} \right) - \left(\frac{y_{i} - c_{i}}{s_{i}} \right) \right)^{2}}{\sqrt{\left(\sum_{i} \left(\frac{x_{i} - c_{i}}{s_{i}} \right)^{2} \right) \times \left(\sum_{i} \left(\frac{y_{i} - c_{i}}{s_{i}} \right)^{2} \right)}}.$$

- 2. (withdrawn) A method according to claim 1 that includes a step of performing principal component analysis on the data prior to the clustering step.
- 3. (withdrawn) A method according to claim 1 that further includes a step of normalising the data prior to the clustering step.
- 4. (withdrawn) A method according to claim 3 in which the normalising step modifies the data such that it has a mean value of 0 and a standard deviation of 1.
- 5. (withdrawn) A method according to claim 1 that includes a further step of cluster analysis using a conventional distance metric.
- 6. (withdrawn) A method according to claim 5 in which the further step of cluster analysis is applied to data that has not previously been assigned to a cluster.
- 7. (withdrawn) A method according to claim 6 suitable for operation upon a set of data derived from the results of a chemical analysis programme.

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- 8. (withdrawn) A method according to claim 7 in which the analysis programme includes one or both of a quantitative structure-activity relationship (QSAR) analysis and a quantitative structure-property relationship (QSPR) analysis.
- 9. (currently amended) A method of analysing <u>on a computer 2-dimensional or</u>
 3-dimensional chemical data including <u>a step</u> the steps of

cluster analysis on the 2-dimensional or 3-dimensional data, the cluster analysis using a distance metric for the distance between point x and point y of the form:

$$D(x,y) = 4\sin^2(\alpha/2) + \frac{(r_x - r_y)^2}{r_x r_y}$$
, where α is the angle between point x and point y

and r_x and r_y are, respectively, the distances from the co-ordinate origin to point x and point y; and

outputting the results of the cluster analysis from the computer.

- 10. (original) A method according to claim 9 that includes a step of performing principal component analysis on the data prior to the clustering step.
- 11. (original) A method according to claim 9 that further includes a step of normalising the data prior to the clustering step.
- 12. (original) A method according to claim 11 in which the normalising step modifies the data such that it has a mean value of 0 and a standard deviation of 1.
- 13. (original) A method according to claim 9 that includes a further step of cluster analysis using a conventional distance metric.
- 14. (canceled)
- 15. (original) A method according to claim 9 suitable for operation upon a set of data derived from the results of a chemical analysis programme.

- 16. (original) A method according to claim 15 in which the analysis programme includes one or both of a quantitative structure-activity relationship (QSAR) analysis and a quantitative structure-property relationship (QSPR) analysis.
- 17. (withdrawn) A computer program product for performing analysis of chemical data, the program being operative to perform a method including a step of cluster analysis, the cluster analysis using a distance metric of the form:

$$D_{xy} = \frac{\sum_{i} \left(\left(\frac{x_{i} - c_{i}}{s_{i}} \right) - \left(\frac{y_{i} - c_{i}}{s_{i}} \right) \right)^{2}}{\sqrt{\left(\sum_{i} \left(\frac{x_{i} - c_{i}}{s_{i}} \right)^{2} \right) \times \left(\sum_{i} \left(\frac{y_{i} - c_{i}}{s_{i}} \right)^{2} \right)}}.$$

- 18. (withdrawn) A computer program product according to claim 17 that has as an input a set of machine-readable data representative of the results of a chemical analysis programme.
- 19. (withdrawn) A computer program product according to claim 18 in which the analysis programme includes a quantitative structure-activity relationship (QSAR) analysis and a quantitative structure-property relationship (QSPR) analysis.
- 20. (currently amended) A computer program product for performing on a computer analysis of 2-dimensional or 3-dimensional chemical data, the program being operative to perform a method including a step the steps of

cluster analysis on the 2-dimensional or 3-dimensional data, the cluster analysis using a distance metric for the distance between point x and point y of the form:

$$D(x,y) = 4\sin^2(\alpha/2) + \frac{(r_x - r_y)^2}{r_x \cdot r_y}$$
, where α is the angle between point x and point y

and r_x and r_y are, respectively, the distances from the co-ordinate origin to point x and point y; and

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outputting the results of the cluster analysis from the computer.

- 21. (original) A computer program product according to claim 20 that has as an input a set of machine-readable data representative of the results of a chemical analysis programme.
- 22. (original) A computer program product according to claim 21 in which the analysis programme includes a quantitative structure-activity relationship (QSAR) analysis and a quantitative structure-property relationship (QSPR) analysis.